PART IV.

LAW, CRIME, ETC.

Legal system in Victoria. A statement, giving the basic principles and main provisions of the law of Victoria, appears in the Year-Book for 1928-29, page 189.

LITIGATION AND LEGAL BUSINESS.

The Supreme Court of Victoria was established in 1852, and although the procedure was entirely remoulded by The Judicature Act 1883 (now incorporated in the Supreme Court Act 1928), its constitution and powers remain practically unaltered. There were in 1943, six Judges, viz., a Chief Justice and five Puisne Judges.

The following is a statement of Supreme Court business during the last five years:—

VICTORIA—SUPREME COURT CIVIL CASES, 1939 TO 1943.

Heading.	1939.	1940.	1941.	1942.	1943.
Number of Places at which Sittings were held	7	7	7	6	8
Causes Entered—					
For Assessment of Damages	6	14	5	3	1
For Trial	169	152	148	137	67
Number of Causes Tried—					
By Juries of Six	23		27		. 29
By a Judge	50	. 24	30	41	22
Verdicts returned for—					461 1 1
Plaintiff	59	32	45	61	41
Defendant	14	12	12	14	10
Amount Awarded £	15,914	26,573	10,165	17,947	9.764
Writs of Summons issued	747	616	604	562	440
Other Original Proceedings	140	122	147	118	: 111
Appellate Proceedings (other than Criminal	1	Ì	: 1 - 11 T		1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1
Appeals heard and determined)—		1.	53 F F	المحلق والها	on the sake
By Full Court	45	45	37	44	32
By a Judge	57	. # 20.00			
Fees Collected £	3,901			3,900	
		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		Les col	

County Courts. County Courts have jurisdiction, both in equity and common law cases, limited to £500; but actions of tort or contract, commenced in the Supreme Court, may under certain conditions be remitted to the County Court, even although the amount claimed may exceed £500. At the present time County Courts are held at Melbourne and at twelve other places in Victoria. Every Court has jurisdiction throughout the whole of Victoria.

VICTORIA—COUNTY COURT CASES, 1939 TO 1943.

		Year.			Number of Causes Tried.	Amount Sued For.	Amount Awarded
				·		£	£
939	••	. • •	••	••	1,210	605,738	216,929
940	• •	• •		••	1,352	616,248	207,527
941	••	••	••	• ••	2,173	448,292	140,764
942		••	•.•		1,695	361,644	112,117
943	••	••			1,154	320,882	73,660

In 1942, Courts of Petty Sessions by stipendiary magistrates and honorary justices were held at 222 places in Victoria. Clerks of courts of ten years' standing, who have passed the prescribed examination, and barristers of five years' standing are eligible for appointment as police magistrates, but there is no legal training or knowledge of the law required as a condition precedent to the appointment of a person as an honorary justice of the peace. The jurisdiction in civil cases is limited to what may be called ordinary debts, damages for assault, and restitution of goods, where the amount in dispute does not exceed £50. Particulars of civil cases, &c., heard during the last five years are as follows:—

VICTORIA—COURTS OF PETTY SESSIONS: CIVIL CASES, ETC., 1938 TO 1942.

Heading.		1938.	1939.	1940.	1941.	1942.
Civil Cases—						
Number heard	• •	103,718	112,423	97,811	73,013	52,786
Debts or Damages— Claimed	.£		824,288	881,744	616,434	468,652
Awarded	£	710,492	705,971	646,197	431,948	351,886
Other Cases—						[
Appeals against Rates		575	716	1,020	758	413
Ejectment Cases		2,765	2,917	2,601	2,034	910
Examination of Lunatics		187	210	150	304	144
Fraud Summonses		4,641	6,248	4,893	3,695	2,616
Garnishee Cases		3,838	4,354	4,611	4,662	3,277
Licences and Certificates		18,824	17,479	15,384	14,043	10,179
Maintenance Cases		1,995	1,943	1,828	1,610	1,263
Prohibition Cases		74	80	91	41	55
Show Cause Summonses		1	6,570	5,150	3,705	2,199
Other	.,	10,889	6.008	5,442	4,769	10,615

^{*} Increase as compared with previous years due mainly to cases dealt with under Commonwealth wartime legislation (National Securities Regulations, etc.).

Writs by the Sheriff.

A statement is given below of the number of writs received by the Sheriff in the last five years.

VICTORIA—WRITS RECEIVED BY THE SHERIFF, 1939 TO 1943.

			King's Writs	Subjects' Wr		
	Year.		against Person and Property.	The Person.	Property.	Total,
1939	••		8	7	109	124
1940	••	••	10	1	110	121
1941			4	1	73	78
1942	• •		6	1	41	48
1943	•••		1		44	45

A statement showing the nature of this court and the powers vested in it appears in the Year-Book for 1916-17, page 433.

BANKRUPTCIES.

A Bankruptcy Act passed by the Federal Parliament in October, 1924, and amended in 1927, was brought into operation on 1st August, 1928. It supersedes the Bankruptcy and Insolvency Acts of the States, with the exception of any provisions relating to matters not dealt with in the Federal Act.

The number of sequestrations, &c., in Victoria during each of the five years ended 31st July, 1943, under the Commonwealth Bankruptcy Act 1924–1933, and the amount of liabilities and assets relating thereto were as follows:—

VICTORIA—BANKRUPTCIES, 1938-39 TO 1942-43.

$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Year ended 31st July—	Sequestration Orders and Orders for Administration of Deceased Debtors' Estates.		Deeds of Arrangement under Part XII. of the Act.	Total.
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1		NUMBER.		
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			_	100	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			1		431
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					432
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					313
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			1 1		214
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1943	73	••	18	91
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			LIABILITIES.		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		· ·	ę.	ę.	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1030				429,612
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					407,351
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					303,056
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					252,843
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			1		96,569
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	7		ASSETS.		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		c	e	ç	ç
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1 020	1	1		
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$					151,060
1942 . 36,024 551 64,814 101,3	1041		1		137,369
					101,389
11,001			001		39,876
		1 20,212	1	- 2,002	1

The yearly average number of sequestrations, &c., and the average declared liabilities and assets are shown in the subjoined table for each of the quinquennial periods ended in 1933, 1938 and 1943.

Period.	Yearly Average Number	Average declared Liabilities. £	Average declared Assets.
1928-29 to 1932-33	690	1,419,060	1,009,294
1933-34 to 1937-38	381	595,056	274,545
1938-39 to 1942-43	296	297,886	128,033

DIVORCE.

The present law in regard to divorce is contained in the Marriage Act 1928, as amended by the Marriage (Divorce) Act 1933.

The following table gives the number of petitions filed by husbands and wives respectively, and the number of decrees granted for dissolution of marriage, judicial separation, and nullity of marriage during the year 1943. Every decree of dissolution of marriage is in the first instance a decree nisi and is not made absolute till the expiration of not less than three months thereafter.

VICTORIA—DIVORCES, 1943.

				by—	Decrees granted to-			
		Husbands.	Wives.	Total.	Husbands.	Wives.	Total.	
Dissolution of Marriage Judicial Separation Nullity of Marriage		854 4	731 1 6	1,585 1 10	708	$667 \\ 1 \\ 4$	1,375 1 7	
Total	••	858	738	1,596	711	672	1,383	

The grounds upon which divorces were granted during the year 1943 were as set out in the following table:—

VICTORIA-DIVORCES, GROUNDS OF, 1943.

	Dissolu Marr	tion of iage.	Judi Separ		Nulli Marr	
Grounds on which Granted.	Husbands' Petitions.	Wives' Petitions.	Husbands' Petitions.	Wives' Petitions.	Husbands' Petitions.	Wives' Petitions.
Adultery	284	147		1	••	
Bigamy		·	l !			
Bigamy and adultery		4				· 1
Cruelty		3				
Consanguinity					1	
Desertion	398	487			ĺ .'. I	
Desertion and	000	1				
drunkenness	1	1				
Desertion and Con-	1	, -				
victions for crime	l	4				
Desertion and adultery	12	11				
Drunkenness (habitual)	3	Ī		l '		
Drunkenness and		-				
cruelty	١	5				
Impotence	::	~			2	3
Insanity	10	2				
Sentences for crime		2				• •
Total	708	667		, 1	3	4

The following table shows the number of petitioners to whom decrees were granted in 1943, the ages of such petitioners and the number of their issue as at date of decree.

VICTORIA—DIVORCE PETITIONS GRANTED, AGES OF PETITIONERS AND ISSUE TO EXISTING MARRIAGE, 1943.

	Dissolu Mari	ition of riage.	Jud Separ	icial ation.	Nulli Mari	ty of iage.	Num Childr	ber of en*
Ages (Years).	Husbands' Petitions.	Wives' Pctitions.	Husbands' Petitions.	Wives' Petitions.	Husbands' Petitions.	Wives' Petitions.	Husbands' Petitions.	Wives' Petitions.
19	1 2 5 55 120 153 134 99 68 37 20 2 3 2 1 1 1	1 2 6 6 63 110 152 117 83 59 48 22 1 2				 2 2 	23 97 146 150 157 117 85 44 16 6 	1 1 7 49 79 144 170 137 96 124 68 2
Total	708	667		1	3	4	850	882

^{*} Of the total of 1,732, 1,726 relate to the decrees for dissolution of marriage and 6 to the decree for judicial separation.

Dissolutions of Marriage— duration of marriage and the issue in respect of the Duration and Issue.

In the following table particulars are given of the duration of marriage and the issue in respect of the petitions granted for dissolution of marriage during 1943.

VICTORIA—DISSOLUTIONS OF MARRIAGE, PETITIONS GRANTED; DURATION OF MARRIAGE AND ISSUE, 1943.

Duration of Marriage in Years.					Num	ber of	Chil	dren.					Total Disso- lutions of Mar-	Tota Child ren.
	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	riage.	<u>-</u>
Jnder 1 year	2						.,						2	٠٠.
1 ,,	21	2								• •			23	2
2 ,,	24	4	٠.	• • •			٠.	• • •	•••	••	• •	• •	28 58	2
3 ,,	38	$\frac{17}{22}$	3 5	• • •	• • •	::	• • •	::				::	76	3
4 ,, 5	51	32	9	• • •	::	::							94	50
a ''	44	36	6	ī									87	5
7 ,,	45	29	7										. 81	4:
8 ,,	44	30	16	8		1							99	9.
9 ,,	27	21	13	3	1						-:	• •	65	66
10 "	17	16	13	2	1	1		· · · j			٠.	• •	$\frac{50}{62}$	5°
11 ,,	20	26	11	4	1		• • •			• •	••	• • •	62	8
$\frac{12}{2}$,,	12 16	24	22 7	3	1	i			i			::	48	68
13 ,,	10	17	12	4	2		:: [::			::		45	6
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	7	15	13	8	ī	i							45	7
16 ,,	1i	22	7	4	2					٠.		٠	46	50
17 ,,	10	12	7	5	1								35	4
18 ,,	10	13	12	6	- 6	1				٠.			48	8
19 ,,	8	10	14	4	5	3	1	1		••	• •		46	98 5
20 ,,	8	12	<u>4</u>	4	3	1	1				• • •	• •	33 28	. 5
21 ,,	4	8	7 9	6	2 2	1				•••		• •	28	5
$\frac{22}{22}$,,	4 6	8	4	5	6	i	i	• • •					31	6
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2	5	6	5	3			• • •				· · ·	21	4
95	2	2	3	! ĭ	2		3						13	3
96	2	9	2	î	3								17	2
27 ,,	3	1	4	1	1	2							12	2
28 ,,	1	1	3	2	$\frac{1}{2}$	4							13	4
29 ,,			6	4	2	1	1			١	• :		14	4
30 ,,	2		1	2	4		1			1	1	• •	12	4
31 ,,	2	2	4	2	1	2	1		1	•••			15 4	1
32 ,,	1		1	i	2					•••	i	• • •	13	4
33 ,,	1	i	5	1	3	2	• • •	١ ٠٠ ١		•••		• •	4	1
34 ,, 35		1	• • •	i	•••	î		::	::	::			$\hat{2}$	
90 "	1 ::	i	i	ī	i	2							6	20
977	::	l					i						1	
38 ,,	::	1	i		i					• •	1.	٠.	4	1
39 ,,		٠.	١			•••				• •		1	1	1
42 ,,			1	.:				••	• • • •	••	• • •		$\frac{1}{2}$	
43 ,,		1		1		•••	• •	• •		••	••			
Total Dissolu- tions of mar- riage	504	420	239	108	59	27	10	1	2	1	3	1	1,375	
-		100	1	204	200	105	- 00	7	7.0	9	30	11		1,72
Cotal children		420	478	324	236	135	60	1 7	16	1 9	00	1 11	}	1,72

Dissolutions of Marriage— concerned in the decrees for dissolution of marriages, Ages of Parties. petitions for which had been granted during 1943.

VICTORIA—DISSOLUTIONS OF MARRIAGE, PETITIONS GRANTED—AGES OF PARTIES, 1943.

Ages of				Ag	es of	Wives	in Ye	ears.				
Husbands in Years.	Under 21.	21–25.	26-29.	30-34.	35-39.	40-44.	45-49.	50-54.	55-59.	60 and Over.	Not Stated.	Total Husbands.
Under 21	3	l									١	3
21-25	13	58	5	3					1	.,		80
26–29	2	93	92	22	1							210
30-34	1	25	101	128	16	1		1	٠.	١	1	274
35–39	1	16	31	117	98	17		1				281
40-44		1	16	25	85	64	11	4				206
45–49			2	6	17	56	46	7	2	1	1	138
50-54			1	4	3	22	27	32	2			91
55-59		1		1	1	1	15	18	15	1		53
60 and over.						2	4	- 8	9	11		34
Not stated	••	1		2			1	. • •	••		1	5
Total wives	20	195	248	308	221	163	104	71	29	13	3	1,375

Divorces, In 1861 jurisdiction was conferred on the Supreme 1861 to 1943. Court of Victoria in matrimonial matters. The Divorce Act 1889, which received the Royal Assent on 13th May, 1890, considerably extended the grounds upon which divorce might be granted.

The following is a statement of the number of decrees granted in Victoria for dissolution of marriage and for judicial separation during the period 1861 to 1890, for the decennial periods 1891–1900 to 1931–40, and for each of the years 1941, 1942, and 1943.

VICTORIA—DIVORCES AND JUDICIAL SEPARATIONS, 1861 TO 1943.

					Decrees Grant	ted for—
	P	eriod.		_	Dissolution of Marriage.	Judicial Separation.
1861-1890					348	71
1891-1900	1			-	949	14
1901-1910					1,255	6
1911-1920	1	1			2,499	14
1921-1930					4,403	16
1931-1940					6,495	16
1941	1		• •]	833	5_{\cdot}
1942					953	2
1943			••		1,375	<u> </u>
To	tal—189	l to 194	3		18,762	74
To	tal186	to 194	3		19,110	145

RACECOURSE LICENCES.

The Police Offences Act 1928 provides that no race-Racecourse meeting shall be held except on a racecourse which is licences and percentage licensed under such Act for horse races or for pony races or for trotting races. Any licence shall, unless cancelled, be in force for twelve months from the date of its issue. For each such licence there shall be paid into the Consolidated Revenue a fee of £1, and also an annual sum equal to 3 per cent. of the gross revenue from all sources received from such racecourse by the owner or trustees of the racecourse during the year immediately preceding the year for which the licence is required. It is provided, however, that where the gross revenue is less than £1,500 but more than £600, the annual sum payable shall be 2 per cent. of the gross revenue, and where the gross revenue is £600 or less no amount shall be payable. The amounts paid into the Consolidated Revenue in licence fees and percentages on gross revenue during each of the last ten years were

VICTORIA—REVENUE FROM RACECOURSE LICENCES AND PERCENTAGE FEES, 1933-34 TO 1942-43.

Year end	led 30th	June.	Amount.	Year end	ded 30th	June.	Amount.	
			ž				£	
1934			15,050	1939			17,191	
935			14,885	1940		\	16,710	A
19 3 6			15,554	1941			15,420	
937		.	15,718	1942			15,095	. !
1938			16,627	1943			13,525	٠.

CRIME.

page 196.

as follows :--

Information relating to the administration of the criminal Administration law in Victoria appears in the Year-Book for 1928-29,

CRIME AND DRUNKENNESS.

The statistics of crime and drunkenness for the years Alteration in subsequent to 1932 have been compiled on a basis which differs from that for the years 1893 to 1932. The particulars for the years 1933 to 1942 represent, in respect of multiple charges, the total number of all offences with which arrested persons were charged whereas, for the period 1893 to 1932, only the most serious offence in each case was tabulated. Summons cases in 1933 to 1942 relate, as in previous years, to all offences with which a person was charged. The statistics for the last ten years are comparable, therefore, with those for the years prior to 1893 appearing in earlier issues of the Year-Book.

The subjoined table shows, for a series of years, the numbers of arrest and summons cases, and also the numbers per 1,000 of the population, tabulated according to the only classes of offences for which complete comparisons can be made. The particulars include cases (other than arrests of neglected children) disposed of in Children's Courts.

VICTORIA—OFFENCES AND DRUNKENNESS, 1890 TO 1942.

				Number of A	Arrest and Sumr	nons Cases—	
	Year.	·	Offences Against the Person.	Offences Against Property.	Drunkenness.	Other Offences.	Total.
1890			4,091	5,036	18,501	36,456	64,084
1895*	••		2,344	3,336	11,143	20,843	37,666
1900*			2,103	3,106	15,878	28,003	49,090
910*			1,663	3,052	12,719	34,626	52,060
920*	••		1,909	4,877	7,154	42,758	56,698
930*	••		1,680	5,078	8,132	41,859	56,749
938	••		1,412	8,320	11,311	58,013	79,056
939			1,308	8,104	11,609	61,837	82,858
940			1,346	7,698	11,619	65,624	86,287
941	••		1,380	7,329	12,064	56,230	77,033
942	••		1,632	8,210	12,887	51,769	74,498
			Number of	Arrest and S	Summons Cases	per 1,000 of	Population
890			3 · 66	4.50	16.54	32.59	57 · 29
895*	••	٠	1.98	2.82	9.41	17.60	31 · 81
900*	••		1 76	2.60	13 31	23 · 47	41 · 14
910*	• ••		1 · 30	2.38	9.92	27.00	40.60
920*	••		1.26	3.23	4.73	28 · 27	37 · 49
930*	• •		•94	2.84	4.55	$23 \cdot 44$	31 · 77
938			.76	4.45	6.06	31.06	42 . 33
939	••		.69	4.31	6 · 17	$32 \cdot 86$	44.03
940	••		•71	4.06	6.12	34.61	45.50
941			•71	3.75	6 · 17	28.77	39.40
					6 53		

^{*} See paragraph "Alteration in method of tabulation" on page 137.

Almost all serious crimes are either offences against the person or offences against property. The first-named consist mainly of assault, but include murder, manslaughter, shooting, wounding, and all crimes of lust. Offences against property consist principally of larceny and similar offences, but include burglary, robbery, &c., cattle stealing, and wilful damage to property.

Offences "are forgery, counterfeiting, conspiracy, and perjury. These were very few in number, there having been in Victoria in 1942 only 54 of such charges out of a total of 51,769 in the category to which they belong. A large proportion of the cases under the heading "Other Offences" were merely breaches of various Acts of Parliament, by-laws, &c., which indicate no degree of criminal instinct or intent on the part of the person charged. There were also among them a large number of offences against good order, including insulting behaviour, vagrancy, &c.

If it be desired to compare the above figures with those relating to other States or countries, it is necessary that consideration be given to several points. The first is that the criminal law in the places compared be substantially the same; the second, that it be administered with equal strictness; and the third, that proper allowances be made for differences in the age and sex constitution of the population. These points must also be taken into account in comparing crime in recent years with that in previous periods when there may have been differences in the law and when the population was very differently constituted in regard to sex and age.

Arrests and summonses for various offences.

The following are particulars of the different classes of offences dealt with by magistrates in 1942.

VICTORIA—ARRESTS AND SUMMONSES FOR VARIOUS OFFENCES, 1942.

		Sumn	narily Di	sposed of			
Nature of Offence.	Total.	Convicted.		Dismi Withdi Struck	rawn,	Commit Tria	
		м.	F.	М.,	F.	М.	F.
Against the Person— Murder and attempts at Manslaughter Shooting at, wounding,	12 5			$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$		6 3	• •
&c	$\frac{52}{1,366}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3 \\ 837 \end{array}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 43 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 387 \end{bmatrix}$	 76	42 20	$\frac{1}{3}$
Others	197	24	2	15	6	136	14
Total	1,632	864	48	408	87	207	18
Against Property— Robbery, burglary, &c. Lareeny and similar	835	260	1	41	3	510	20
offences	5,642	$\frac{4,001}{270}$	$\frac{459}{24}$	635 96	66 8	431 5	50
Wilful damage Others	1,330	855	50	284	25	107	9
Total	8,210	5,386	534	1,056	102	1,053	79
Forgery and Offences against the Currency	39	11		1	•••	27	••
Against Good Order— Drunkenness* Others	12,887 7,908	11,452 6,253	1,297 659	121 809	17 185	2	
Total	20,795	17,705	1,956	930	202	2	
Other Offences— Breaches of—							T a f
Education Act	9,509 7,625	6,032 $5,471$	2,811 924	$\begin{vmatrix} 441 \\ 913 \end{vmatrix}$	$\frac{225}{317}$::
Licensing Act Motor Car Act	7.387	6,654	374	338	21		
Traffic Regulations	5,088	4,572	262	236	18		
Vermin and Noxious	100	110	16	29	8		
Weeds Act Miscellaneous	166 14,047	113 11,559	16 1,219	1,076	157	25	11
Total	43,822	34,401	5,606	3,033	746	25	11
Grand Total	74,498	58,367	8,144	5,428	1,137	1,314	108

^{*} See footnote on page 141.

Arrest and summons cases.

Particulars of the arrest and summons cases for the last five years are given in the subjoined table.

VICTORIA—ARREST AND SUMMONS CASES, 1938 TO 1942.

	Year,		Arrest Cases.		Summor	Total.	
			Males.	Females.	Males.	Females.	
1938			20,893	2.292	52,085	3,786	79,056
1939			21,121	2,369	54,726	4.642	82,858
1940			20,666	2,406	57,516	5,699	86,287
1941			19,710	2,624	48,617	6,052	77,003
1942	• •		22,542	2,515	42,567	6,874	74,498

The following table shows for each of the last five years the number of offences for which persons were arrested or summoned, summarily convicted, discharged by magistrates, or committed for trial; also the number per 10,000 of the population.

VICTORIA—DISPOSAL OF ARREST AND SUMMONS CASES, 1938 TO 1942.

-	Year.		Total.	Summarily Convicted.	Discharged by Magistrates.	Committee for Trial.
1938	• •		79,056	68,841	8,199	2,016
1939			82,858	72,186	8,895	1,777
1940			86,287	75,712	9,032	1,543
1941			77,003	67,520	8,083	1,400
942	••	••	74,498	66,511	6,565	1,422
			-	Number per 10,0	000 of Population	
938	••		423.3	368-6	43.9	10.8
939	:		$440 \cdot 3$	383.6	47.3	9.4
940			$455 \cdot 0$	399 3	47.6	8.1
941			$394 \cdot 0$	345.5	41.3	7.2
			377 6	337.1	33 · 3	7.2

NOTE.—The convictions in respect of drunkenness include those cases in which offenders were discharged by magistrates on a first appearance. Prior to 1936 such cases were not treated as convictions.

The jurisdiction of Children's Courts is limited to children's Court Office was re-organized and the appointment was made of a Stipendiary Special Magistrate with jurisdiction throughout the State. He has the assistance of two Stipendiary Probation Officers who investigate problem cases which come before the Court. A clinic has been established for the purpose of dealing with cases referred to it by the Court.

The table which follows shows the number of cases which were disposed of in Children's Courts during the years 1942 and 1943.

VICTORIA—CHILDREN'S COURTS: CASES DISPOSED OF, 1942 AND 1943.

			Sum	marily D	isposed o	of—		
Nature of Offence.		Total.	Convicted.		Dismissed, Withdrawn, Struck Out.		Committed for Trial.	
			М.	F.	м.	F.	м.	F.
During 1942.								-
Against the Person—								
Assaults Others		82 11	64 10		18 1	• • •		
Total		93	74		19			
Against Property— Larceny, &c.		3,865	3,305	151	383	22	4	
Wilful Damage		146	104	11	28	3		
Others		296	238	5	51	2		
Total		4,307	3,647	167	462	27	4	
							-	
Against Good Order—					_			
Drunkenness		25	20	2	3	• • •	• • •	٠.
Others	.••	278	205	16	53	4		٠,
Total	• •	303	225	18	56	4		
Other Offences, &c.—		791	610	66	53	9	-	
Traffic Offences	• •	731	610	25	39	$\frac{2}{1}$	• • •	
Other Offences	• •	240 604	$\begin{array}{c c} 175 \\ 253 \end{array}$	25 154	39 96	101	• •	
Neglected Children	• •	004	203	194		101		•••
Total		1,575	1,038	245	188	104		•
Grand Total		6,278	4,984	430	725	135	4	

VICTORIA—CHILDREN'S COURTS: CASES DISPOSED OF, 1942 AND 1943 (continued).

			Sum	marily I	Disposed	of—		
Nature of Offence		Total.	Conv	Convicted.		issed, Irawn, c Out.	Comp for T	gitted Crial
			М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.
During 1943.								
Against the Person-								
Assaults	••	111	82	5	21	1	2	
Others	• •	4	4		••			
Total		115	86	5	21	1	2	•••
Against Property—								
Larceny, &c		3,426	2,788	119	499	19	1	
Wilful Damage		157	128		29			
Others		152	121	5	26		••	
Total		3,735	3,037	124	554	19	1	••
Against Good Order-								
Drunkenness	• •	22	19	2	1		• •	٠
Others	• •	183	140	8	30	5	• •	
Total		205	159	10	31	5		
Other Offences, &c.—								
Traffic Offences		722	619	63	34	6		
Other Offences		560	441	52	59	7		1
Neglected Children		701	319	241	80	61		
Total	••	1,983	1,379	356	173	74	•••	1
Grand Total		6,038	4,661	495	779	99	3	1

The number of cases which were disposed of in Children's Courts in each of the last five years is given in the following statement:—
VICTORIA—CHILDREN'S COURTS: CASES DISPOSED OF

VICTORIA—CHILDREN'S COURTS: CASES DISPOSED OF 1939 TO 1943.

Nature of Offence.		1939.	1940.	1941.	1942.	1943.
Against the Person—						
Assaults		65	60	70	82	111
Others		3	10	4	11	4
Against Property—				Ì		
Larceny, &c.		3,076	3,031	3,383	3,865	3,426
Wilful Damage		128	136	185	146	157
Others		73	114	261	296	152
Against Good Order-		ļ.				
Drunkenness		5	9	10	25	22
Others		244	234	249	278	183
Traffic Offences		862	589	589	731	722
Other Offences		425	346	240	240	560
Neglected Children	••	610	558	527	604	701
Total	• •	5,491	5,087	5,518	6,278	6,038
Summarily Convicted		4,585	4,232	4,557	5,414	5,156
Summarily Dismissed, &c.		905	852	958	860	878
Committed for Trial		1	3	3	4	4

Children's The following statement gives particulars of the manner Gourts—cases, in which the cases in the Children's Courts were disposed how dealt with. of by magistrates in 1942 and 1943.

VICTORIA—CHILDREN'S COURTS: CASES, HOW DEALT WITH, 1942 AND 1943.

	1	During 19	42.	:	During 1943.			
How dealt with.		1			1	L		
	Males.	Females	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.		
Adjourned for period without probation	1,423	85	1,508	1,414	90	1,504		
Released on probation	1,370	79	1,449	1,044	78	1,122		
Committed to care of Children's Welfare	1,010		1,110	1,011		1,122		
Department	473	142	615	409	170	579		
Committed to reformatory	96		96	82	1	83		
Committed to care of a private person			~					
or institution	12	8	20	20	9	29		
Fined	851	75	926	964	107	1,071		
Released under Section 356 of Crimes			10					
Act 1928	12		12	4	2	6		
Dismissed on payment of costs or	- 46	13	- 59	23	4	27		
damages or both	27	10	28	32	- 4	32		
Sentenced to term of imprisonment	3	1 1	3	32		34		
Sentenced to imprisonment, the			. 0					
execution of which has been suspended	58	4	62	59	1	60		
Convicted and discharged	413	13	426	369	21	390		
Discharged with a caution	146	6	152	152	5	157		
Otherwise dealt with	54	4	. 58	89	7	96		
Summarily Convicted	4.984	430	5,414	4,661	495	5,156		
Summarily Dismissed, &c	725	135	860	779	99	878		
Committed for Trial	4		4	3	1	4		
Grand Total	5,713	565	6,278	5,443	595	6,038		

Children's Courts—probation cases. In the following table particulars are given of the cases in which children were released on probation by magistrates in Children's Courts during the last five years.

VICTORIA—CHILDREN'S COURTS: PROBATION CASES, 1939 TO 1943.

Cases Released				Results of Probation.				
	Year.		on Probation.	Satisfactory.	Fair.	Unsatisfactory		
1000			1.401	%	%	%		
1939		• •	1,401	90	4	6		
1940		• •	1,291	82	8	10		
1941	• •		1,254	81	9	10		
1942	• •		1,449	81	9	10		
1943			1,122	79	7	14		

Arrest cases summarily disposed of by magistrates.

The following is a statement of the arrest cases summarily disposed of by magistrates in Courts of Petty Sessions during 1942.

VICTORIA—ARREST CASES SUMMARILY DISPOSED OF BY MAGISTRATES IN COURTS OF PETTY SESSIONS, 1942.

How disposed of.	Males.	Females.	Total.
Fines paid	7,274	698	7,972
Imprisonment for—	,		.,,,,,
Under 1 month	4,501	512	5,013
1 month and under 6 months	1.597	151	1.748
6 months and under 12 months	233	26	259
1 year and under 2 years	20	1	21
Admonished	5,027	590	5,617
Ordered to find bail or sentence			/***
suspended on entering surety	416	138	554
Sent to Reformatory Schools, &c	287		287
Otherwise dealt with	548	81	629
Total Convicted Dismissed, Withdrawn, Struck	19,903	2,197	22,100
Out	1,498	236	1,734
Total summarily disposed of	21,401	2,433	23,834

Committals for trial—convictions.

The following table shows the offences of distinct persons who were convicted in the Supreme Court and in Courts of General Sessions during 1942. Where a person was charged with more than one offence, the principal offence only has been counted.

VICTORIA—COMMITTALS FOR TRIAL, DISTINCT PERSONS CONVICTED, 1942.

Offence.	Males.	Females.	Total.
against the Person—			
Murder	1		1
Manslaughter	3		3
Wounding or inflicting grievous bodily harm, &c.	32		32
Rape and other offences against females	34		34
Unnatural offences	47		47
Bigamy	21	. 9	30
Assault	9		9
Demanding money with menaces	3		3
Other	7	1 1	8
Against Property— Robbery and Stealing from the Person	41	5	46
Burglary, Housebreaking, &c	259	2	261
Stealing Horses, Cattle, and Sheep	9		9
Other Larceny	100	19	119
Embezzlement	13		13
Fraud and False Pretences	13	3	16
Receiving	46	2	48
Arson, Incendiarism	4		4
Other	5	1	6
Forgery and offences against the Currency	9		9
Other offences—]
Perjury and Subornation	4	1	5
Effecting a Public Mischief	1	•	1
Conspiracy	7	2	9
Breaches of Registration of Births, Deaths, and Marriages Act 1928	2	1.	3
Other \dots \dots \dots \dots	4	1	5
Total	674	47	721

The number of persons and the number per 1,000 of the population arrested or summoned for drunkenness during the last five years are given hereunder.

VICTORIA—PERSONS ARRESTED OR SUMMONED FOR DRUNKENNESS, 1938 TO 1942.

	Year.		N	Number per 1,000 of		
			Arrested.	Summoned,	Total	Population.
1938			11,282	29	11,311	6.06
1939			11,577	32	11,609	6.17
1940	•		11,590	29	11,619	6.12
1941			12,035	29	12,064	6.17
1942			12,857	30	12,887	6.53

The continuity of the above statistics has not been materially affected by the alteration in the method of tabulation referred to on page 137.

Orunkenness —Comparison lation, as measured by the number of arrests therefor, be represented as 100 for the period 1874—78, the corresponding numbers for subsequent periods will show the comparative increase or decrease. These numbers are given in the following table:—

VICTORIA—DRUNKENNESS, 1874 TO 1942.

Period.		Index Number.	Period.		Index Number
1874-78		100	1923-27		41
1879-85		88	1928-32		30
1886-92		106	1933-37		36
1893-97		65	1938		41
1898-1902		84	1939		42
1903-07		77	1940		42
1908-12		68	1941		42
1913-17	•	5 9	1942		44
1918-22		3 2	1012	••	"

A considerable decrease in drunkenness is shown for the five years 1893-97, which was a period of general depression, followed by an increase in the subsequent five-yearly period. A similar trend is

shown for the depression years 1928-32 and subsequent years. In the middle of the year 1915, an Act was passed reducing the number of hours during which alcoholic liquors could be sold in hotels, and a further reduction was made in the following year. This possibly accounts for the marked decrease in the number of arrests for drunkenness in the period immediately following.

Young persons The accompanying table shows for the last five years the number of persons under 20 years of age arrested for drunkenness.

VICTORIA—ARRESTS OF PERSONS UNDER 20 YEARS OF AGE CHARGED WITH DRUNKENNESS, 1938 TO 1942.

				Numb		
		Year.		Males.	Females.	Total
939		•	÷.	 *	*	126
940 941	• •			*	*	$\frac{142}{126}$
942 943				 $\frac{156}{150}$	24 20	$\frac{180}{170}$

^{*} Not available.

REGULATION OF LIQUOR TRADE.

Licences Reduction Board.

Information relating to the nature of the duties of and the powers vested in the Licences Reduction Board is given in the Year-Book for 1915-16, page 476, and in that for 1928-29, page 213.

To 31st December, 1942, 1,856 hotels had been closed by the Board or had surrendered their licences. Of these hotels 530 were located in metropolitan districts, and the compensation paid amounted to £581,662, or an average of £1,097 each. There were 1,326 hotels closed in country districts, and compensation amounting to £713,394 was paid, or an average of £538 each. The total sum paid in compensation in all districts of the State was £1,295,056, or an average of £698 for each hotel.

In addition to the above closings, the following have been deprived of their licences as a result of the local option poll held on 21st October, 1920:—5 spirit merchants, 4 grocers, 1 club, and 4 Australian wine licensees. The amount of compensation awarded was £550. Since 1922, 11 grocers' and 98 Australian wine licences have been taken away, for which compensation to the amount of £20,206 has been awarded.

Improvement and Extension of Licensed houses.

A section of the Board's work which has grown rapidly in extent and importance since 1922 is the consideration given to enforcing improvement in the type of structure and in the class of accommodation of licensed houses.

Since 1922 plans have been passed by the Board for new and improved licensed premises, the estimated cost thereof being £6,080,615 exclusive of the cost of sewerage and new equipment. National Security Regulations have restricted since 1940 all building operations in regard to hotels. During the six months ended 30th June, 1942, only £6,375 was expended throughout the State.

Number of Hotels. The return given hereunder shows the number of hotels, including roadside licences, in Victoria in 1885, 1906, and certain subsequent years, and the average number of persons to each hotel in those years. The years 1885 and 1906 have been selected because in those years important alterations were made in the liquor licensing laws.

VICTORIA—NUMBER OF HOTELS, 1885 TO 31st DECEMBER, 1942

	Year.		Estimated Population.	Number of Hotels.*	Average Number of Persons to each Hotel
1885	 ,		969,200	4,339	223
1906		 	1,219,832	3,520	347
1930	 	 	1,792,605	1,803	994
1931	 	 	1,803,570	1,781	1,013
1932	 	 	1,813,387	1,770	1,025
1933	 	 	1,824,479	1,759	1,037
1934	 	 	1,837,490	1,749	1,051
1935	 	 	1,843,023	1,744	1,057
1936	 	 	1,851,593	1,725	1,073
1937	 	 	1,859,487	1,711	1,087
1938	 	 \	1,873,760	1,706	1,098
1939	 	 	1,887,356	1,700	1,110
1940	 	 	1,918,660†	1,691	1,135
1941	 	 	1,952,153†	1,683	1,160
1942	 	 	1,969,977†	1,671	1,179

^{*} Including Roadside Licences.

[†] Subject to revision.

During the period 1885 to 31st December, 1942, 227 hotels were closed as the result of local option polls, 1,856 were deprived of or surrendered their licences, and 60 lapsed. During the period 1907 to 31st December, 1942, 79 new licences were granted.

The revenue for the year ended 30th June, 1943, amounted to £386,893. The amounts received from the various sources were:—Licences, certificates, &c., £362,380; interest on investments, £10,982; fees and fines, £13,481; and miscellaneous, £50. The expenditure which totalled £386,893 consisted of the following items:—Annual payments to municipalities, £59,044; compensation, £8,170; transferred to Police Superannuation Fund under section 311 of Act No. 3717, £23,000; transferred to revenue under section 312 of Act No. 3717, as amended by Act No. 4757, £279,871; and salaries, expenses, &c., £16,808. The amount at credit of the fund at 30th June, 1943, was £410,976, of which £341,000 was invested.

The trading hours* of hotels in Victoria are from 9 a.m.

Hours for sale of intoxicants.

to 6 p.m., but trading is not permitted on Sundays, Anzac Day (25th April), and Good Friday. The various legislative enactments, which from time to time have curtailed such trading hours, are given in the Year-Book for 1935–36, page 110.

A statement, giving particulars of the provisions of the Local Option Acts of 1920 and 1922 appears in the Year-Book for 1928-29, pages 211 and 212.

Particulars relating to the Local Option Poll, held on poll held 21st October, 1920, are given in the Year-Book for 1928-29, page 211.

 $^{^{\}ast}$ By National Security Regulations, the trading hours in the Metropolitan Electoral District have, as from 24th August, 1942, been confined to the period between 10 a.m. to 6 p.m,

During the period 1885 to 1938, compensation paid to the 227 hotels closed as the result of local option polls amounted to £224,870, or an average of £990 for each hotel.

This sum was provided partly out of the Licensing Fund, and, when this was insufficient for the purpose, out of Consolidated Revenue.

On the 29th March, 1930, a Referendum, called a Licensing Poll, was conducted under Part XIV. of the Licensing Act 1928 (as amended) to determine whether or not licences should be abolished throughout Victoria. The Act provides that the resolution shall be carried if three-fifths at least in number of the votes given is in favour of the resolution. The poll was State-wide, and was the first of the octennial polls provided for by the Licensing Act of 1922 (now incorporated in the Licensing Act 1928). A similar poll was held on the 8th October, 1938. Particulars relating to the number of votes recorded at each of these polls appears in the Year-Book for 1939-40, page 71.

The estimated quantity of beer consumed in Victoria in each of the last five years was as follows:—

CONSUMPTION OF BEER IN VICTORIA, 1938-39 TO 1942-43.

	Year.		Quantity of Beer Consumed.	Per Head of Population.
			gallons.	gallons.
1938–39	••	٠	 23,555,700	12.56
1939–40		••	 24,524,500	12.97
1940–41	••	•••	 26,364,500	13.90
1941–42		••	 27,288,500	13.96
1942–43			 25,113,950	12.73

GAOLS AND PRISONERS

Gaols and prisoners.

In Victoria there are five gaols and five reformatory prisons as set out hereunder. There are also sixty-seven police gaols which are used for the detention of prisoners undergoing short sentences. The following statement contains intormation (other than for police gaols) for the year 1942 in regard to the accommodation for prisoners, the daily average number in confinement, the number received during the year, and the number in confinement at the end of the year.

VICTORIA—GAOL ACCOMMODATION AND PRISONERS, 1942.

			N	umber of	Prisoners	3.		
Name of Institution.	For w ther Accomm	e is	Daily Average.		Total Received (including transfers).		In Conf	nement. year. *
	Males.	Females	Males.	Females	Males.	Females	Males.	Females
Pentridge	908	83	775	52	5,987	762	766	46
Pentridge Reformatory Prison	64	3	50		162		47	
Ballarat Gaol	66	18	38		259		59	
Beechworth ReformatoryPrison	78		49		40		50	
CastlemaineReformatory Prison	91		69		119		104	
Cooriemungle Prison Camp	32		29		75		27	
Geelong Gaol†	179		11		17			
Geelong Reformatory Prison†	21				• • .			
McLeod Settle- ment Reforma- tory Prison	52		51		47		49	
Sale Gaol	26	9	. 5		68		10	
				-				·
Total	1,517	113	1,077	52	6,774	762	1,112	46

^{*} Including 46 males and 3 females awaiting trial.

[†] By order of the Governor in Council these institutions ceased to be public gaols as from and inclusive of 16th February, 1942.

The number of prisoners received at and discharged from the gaols and reformatory prisons (excluding police gaols) in Victoria is given in the following table for the year 1942:—

VICTORIA—PRISONERS RECEIVED AT AND DISCHARGED FROM GAOLS AND REFORMATORY PRISONS, 1942.

(Exclusive of Police Gaols.)

				1	Total.
NT 1 1 0 0					
Number in Confinement at 31st	December,	1941—			
Convicted			904	35	939
Awaiting trial	••	••	45	6	51
Total			949	41	990
Received during 1942—			···		
Convicted of—		1		i ·	
Felony			1,573	93	1 66
Misdemeanour	••	• • •	3,085		1,660
Other offences	••	• •		460	3,548
Transfers from—	• •	• • •	353	23	376
Other Gaols and Reform			700	1	
Hogaitala Agalerea D. (natory Prise	ons . $ $	506		506
Hospitals, Asylums, Ref	ormatory 8	chools,	4 11		
&c		••	23	2	2
For Trial, not subsequently	convicted		1,234	184	1,418
Total	••		6,774	762	7,536
Discharged during 1942—		ľ			
By remission of sentence			467	33	500
On expiration of sentence and	navment	of fines	4,130	526	4,656
Bailed to appeal	a payment	JI IIICS	24	320	28
On bond from Court, Judge's	Order Att	OPPOT	24	* !	28
General's Order, &c	oraci, An	orney-	7	اما	
By special authority	••	• •	26	$\frac{2}{2}$	9
On parole	• •	• • •		2	28
Tri i	••	• • •	129		129
Executed	• •	• •	2	1	:
		• •			• •
Deported	• •		- 28		28
Absconded	• •	• • •	12	[12
Transfers to—					
Other Gaols and Reform	natory Priso	ons	525		525
Hospitals, Asylums, Refe	ormatory S	chools,			
&c			28	2	30
Unconvicted			1.233	187	1,420
		-			
Total	••		6,611	757	7,368
Number in Confinement at 31st 1	December :	1942			
Convicted			1,066	43	1.100
Awaiting trial	• • •		46	3	1,109 49
Total			1,112	46	1,158

Prisoners under The following table shows the number of prisoners sentence. under sentence at the end of each of the last ten years.

VICTORIA—PRISONERS UNDER SENTENCE, 1933 TO 1942.

At 31st De- cember.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Number per 10,000 of Popula- tion.	At 31st De- cember.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Number per 10,000 of Popula- tion.
1933	1,297	50	1,347	7·38	1938	1,043	41	1,084	5·71
1934	1,191	34	1,225	6·67	1939	1,107	37	1,144	6·06
1935	1,118	41	1,159	6·29	1940	998	48	1,046	5·45
1936	1,057	37	1,094	5·91	1941	904	35	939	4·82
1937	955	34	989	5·32	1942	1,066	43	1,109	5·55

Daily average number of prisoners in confinement. A statement is given below of the daily average number of prisoners in detention in the gaols of the State in the last year of each of the decennial periods 1871 to 1931 inclusive, and in each of the last six years.

VICTORIA—DAILY AVERAGE NUMBER OF PRISONERS IN CONFINEMENT, 1871 TO 1942.

	Year.				Daily Aver	rage Number of l Confinement.	Prisoners in
					Males.	Females.	Total.
1871					1,345	274	1,619
1881		• •			1,294	304	1,598
1891					1,550	350	1,900
1901					951	200	1,151
1911]	713	100	813
1921					741	54	795
1931					1,391	50	1,441
1937				[1,072	41	1,113
1938					1,084	45	1,129
1939					1,193	49	1,242
1940					1,128	53	1,181
1941					1,023	50	1,073
1942					1,077	52	1,129

Indeterminate The Indeterminate Sentences Act 1908 came into sentences. force on 1st July of that year. It is now incorporated in the Crimes Act 1928. The principal provisions are—

- 1. The adoption of the indeterminate sentence for (a) habitual criminals, and (b) certain classes of other offenders
- 2. The appointment of an Indeterminate Sentences Board.
- 3. The establishment of reformatory prisons.
- 4. A system of probation applicable to adults as well as to minors.

The Board was appointed on 18th August, 1908. A statement of its chief functions appears in the *Year-Book* for 1929–30, pages 106 to 108.

The number of prisoners under indeterminate detention on 30th June in each of the last five years was as follows:—

VICTORIA—PRISONERS UNDER INDETERMINATE DETENTION, 1938–39 TO 1942–43.

	Year Ended 30th June.						
Name of Reformatory Prison.	 1939.	1940.	1941.	1942.	1943.		
Pentridge Reformatory Prison	 71	73	59	46	51		
Beechworth Reformatory Prison	 52	65	55	43	43		
Castlemaine Reformatory Prison	 90	97	58	70	. 79		
Geelong Reformatory Prison	 10	6	6	*	*		
McLeod Settlement, French Island	 50	49	47	52	51		
Total	 273	290	225	211	224		

^{*} See † note on page 152.

Probation officers to supervise first offenders released by the courts on recognizance under the provisions of the *Crimes Act* 1928 are appointed by the Governor in Council on the recommendation of the Board. A number of persons connected with religious and philanthropic organizations have been appointed to the office, which is honorary.

From 1st July, 1908, to 30th June, 1943, admissions to the several reformatories totalled 4,881 (4,830 males and 51 females). Particulars of those released on parole or probation (inclusive of cases released more than once) and of those otherwise dealt with during the same period are given hereunder:—

Heading.	Number.	Per Cent.
Reconvicted or returned to prison	1,762	36.10
Probation satisfactorily completed	2,038	41.75
Still on parole or probation	397	8.13
Deaths—	ļ .	
In institutions	26	.53
On parole or probation	26	.53
Escapes*	190	3.90
Released by Special Authority, deported, time, &c.	220	4.51
In institutions at 30th June, 1943	222	4 55
Total to 30th June, 1943	4,881	100.00

^{*} Of 190 who escaped, 170 were subsequently recaptured.

POLICE PROTECTION.

Numerical strength of Police Force in Victoria. The following table shows the numbers in the various ranks of the police force in Victoria on 31st December, 1943.

VICTORIA—POLICE FORCE, CLASSIFICATION AND NUMERICAL STRENGTH AT 31st DECEMBER, 1943.

Designation.	-	Number,	
Designation.	Metropolitan.	Country.	Total.
Foot.			-
Chief Commissioner	. 1		- 1
Superintendents	. 3	8	. 11
Inspectors	. 10	6	16
Sub-Inspectors	17	. 7	24
Sergeants, First class	31	15	46
Sergeants, Second class	41	13	54
Senior Constables	174	68	242
Senior Constables (brevet rank) .	.		212
TRY of Characteristics	646	347	993
O 11	409	91	584
Constables	. 455	31	304
Total	. 1,418	555	1,973
Detectives.			,
Superintendent	. 1		1
Sub-Inspectors	. 6		6
Sub-Inspector (brevet rank) .	.		ì
Sergeants, First class	1	••	5
Sergeants, Second class	$\begin{array}{c c} \cdot & & 0 \\ \cdot & & 2 \end{array}$	•••	2
Senior Detectives	$\begin{array}{c c} & 24 \end{array}$	2	26
First Detectives	. 89	$1\overline{4}$	
		14	103
Detectives	. 20	•••	20
Total	. 148	16	164
Mounted.			
First Constables	. 16	76	92
Constables	. 8	26	34
Total	. 24	102	126
Total	. 24	102	120
Grand Total	. 1,590	673	2,263

The above particulars include 12 police-women, and 36 members with Defence Forces, but exclude 31 recalled police pensioners, 46 members of the Victoria Police Women's Auxiliary, 6 members of the Police Auxiliary Force, 3 matrons, and 1 black tracker.

The following statement gives the numerical strength of the police force in Victoria and the number of inhabitants to each police officer at the end of each of the last ten years.

VICTORIA—POLICE FORCE, NUMERICAL STRENGTH, 1934 to 1943.

Yea	ar.	Total Strength Including Police-women.	Number of Inhabitants to Each Police-officer.	Year.	Total Strength Including Police-women.	Number of Inhabitants to Each Police-officer.
1934		2,170	847	1939	2,313*	816
1935		2,247	820	1940	2,352*	824
1936		2,289	809	1941	2,327*	838
1937		2,280	815	1942	2,318*	855
1938	••	2,271	825	1943	2,263*	882

^{*} Including members with Defence Forces but excluding recalled Police Pensioners.

Expenditure on police, gaols, &c.

The next table shows the total amount and the amount per head of population expended from Consolidated Revenue in connexion with the police, and with the penal establishments and gaols of Victoria, in each of the last five years.

VICTORIA—EXPENDITURE ON POLICE AND GAOLS, 1938-39 TO 1942-43.

		A	mount Expende	ed (exclusiv	e of Pensions)	on—	
Year ended 30th June.		Maintenance, &c.		Buildings and Rents.			Amount per Head
		Police.	Gaois and Penal Es- tablishments.	Police.	Gaols and Penal Es- tablishments	Total.	of Population
		£	£	£	£	£	s. d.
1939		780,068	119,254	35,665	7,101	942,088	10, 1
1940	••	799,450	122,260	32,527	9,306	963,543	10 2
1941	••	800,071	129,850	32,143	6,264	968,328	10 2
1942		813,010	136,193	30,557	5,875	985,635	10 1
1943		1,019,144	143,716	33,007	7,542	1,20 3,4 09	12 2

During the 38 years ended with 1943 there were only fourteen executions in Victoria, one of which took place in 1908, one in 1912, two in 1916, two in 1918, one in 1922, one in 1924, one in 1932, two in 1936, two in 1939, and one in 1941. Since the first settlement of Port Phillip in 1835, 182 criminals (178 males and 4 females) have been executed within the State on account of the following offences:—Murder, 142; attempted murder, 17; robbery with violence, 9; burglary and wounding, 1; sexual offences, 12; and arson 1.

The number of inquest cases in Victoria during each of the last five years is given in the following table:—

VICTORIA—INQUESTS, 1939 TO 1943.

			Inque	Total		
	Year.		Males.	Females.	Total Persons.	Persons per 1,000 Deaths.
1939	• •		1,346	630	1,976	98.0
1940	• •		1,190	509	1,699	83:7
1941			1,139	568	1,707	83 2
1942	••		1,386	577	1,963	89.3
1943			1,193	559	1,752	82 1